HARDWARE DESIGN SPECIFCATION

FOR THE

MULTI-OIL LEVEL INDICATOR

AUTOMATION OF THE OLS TEST BENCH

ALLEN AIRCRAFT PRODUCTS, INC.

REPORT #250???

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Revision History

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1. Introduction

The following document sets forth both the design specification and the implementation development of the Multi-Level Oil Indicator (MLOI) program for automating the acceptance testing of oil level sensors. The scope of this specification is the hardware, including the tank, pump and instrumentation required for automating production tests of Allen 8005571.05 (P&WC 30Y0241-01) Oil Level Sensor.

* 1. Reference Documents:

TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS FOR THE MULTI-OIL LEVEL INDICATOR AUTOMATION OF THE OLS TEST BENCH REPORT #250129

TANK, MULTI-UNIT TEST TANK DRW NO. T-20037

* 1. Notation

LV LabVIEW

MLOI Multi-Level Oil Indicator, designation of the automated tester described herein.

AAP Allen Aircraft Products

ATP Acceptance Test Procedure

DS Design or Development Specification

OLS Oil Level Sensor

DUT Device Under Test

AI Analog Input

XL MS Excel

IC Integrated Circuit

1. MOLI Hardware Project Overview:

The project hardware including the tank, pump and instrumentation also has two phases as follows:

* HW 1 – Prototype phase where all items are COTS and custom configurations are achieved through breadboards or otherwise temporary connections.
* HW 2 – Production where custom interfaces have been designed and fit for purpose implemented, ie interface unit manufactured as a custom PCB.
  1. Hardware Architecture

The hardware consists of a tank, the Instrumentation, and an Interface Unit as shown in figure 1. The PC workstation and USB hub are out of scope in this specification.

A diagram of a computer system

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Figure 1. Hardware Architecture, functional diagram.

Tank Hardware

The dual-chambered tank includes the with the following components:

* Reservoir is the chamber containing the bulk of the oil <spec/description??>
* Measurement Well is the chamber into which the sensors are immersed for measurement.
* Senor Rack Plate holds the sensors in place during measurements and provides the sensor reference level datum.
* Leveling Feet for leveling the Sensor Rack Plate to the oil level.
* Transfer Pump <model & specification ??) for transferring oil between the Reservoir and the Measurement Well.
* Miscellaneous brackets for mounting instrumentation.

Instrumentation

The instrumentation provides Level measurement (Keyance Laser LK-G2000) and two resistance measurements for each sensor DUT (DataQ DI2108) and provides directional DC motor control (Pololu MC18V7) via Univeral Serial Bus (USB).

* + - 1. Level Measurement - Keyance Laser LK-G2000
      2. Resistance Measurement -DataQ DI2108
      3. Motor Controller - Pololu MC18V7

Interface Unit

The interface unit provides one fixed current reference circuit (Is) as sensor signal stimulus to a single sensor channel so sensor channel resistance (Rchx) can be calculated from the sensor signal (Vm):

Rchx = Vm / Is where Vm is the measured voltage from the sensor.

The interface unit also provides a one buffer/scaler circuit to condition a single Sensor signal to the range of corresponding Analog Input (AI).

The interface unit provides a place to mount the Pololu Motor Controller. It also provides a means to connect the system components including the Power Supplies, to Laser and moto controller; and connect the sensor signals to the analog inputs.

* + - 1. Reference Current Source Circuit

The Current Source required to drive the sensor signal is implemented with one Linear Technologies LT3092 integrated circuit (IC) for each sensor channel. Parameters for consideration are the reference current (Is) as determined by the in situ current of the OLS to be tested; the compliance voltage (Vdc) determined from the required maximum resistance to be measured at Is. The Elevate OLS resistance ranges from 100Ω - 1100Ω with an overrange resistance of 2100Ω with an in situ of 14.7ma, producing a maximum signal voltage Vs of 16.7V at 1100Ω. We assume that the overrange resistance does not have to be accurately measured, only detected and that the Laser uses a 24VDC source that can be used to power the Current Source circuit Vdc, where the maximum resistance measurement will be 1632Ω. With Vdc set to nominal 224VDC following the LT3092 Datasheet Application Information page 9. Then 15Ω is selected for ROUT and 22.0KΩ is calculated for RSET as shown in Figure 2.

A diagram of a circuit

AI-generated content may be incorrect.

Figure 2. LT3092 Current Source Circuit

* + - 1. Buffer/Scaler Circuit

The Buffer/scaler circuit addresses two issues with the DI-2108:

* Limited input voltage range
* Relatively low input impedance.

With maximum signal voltage Vs > 16.7V and the maximum input voltage range of the DI-2108 of +/-10.0V, then Vs must be scaled to fit within the input range. This accomplished with voltage divider circuit consisting of R1 and R2 where the parallel resistance (Rin = R1 || R2) is greater than 1MΩ. To achieve Rin > 1MΩ, the relatively low 100KΩ input resistance of the DI-2108 shown in Figure 3 needs to be increased by adding a single supply, follower op amp (LM2902).

A diagram of a circuit

AI-generated content may be incorrect.

Figure 3. Analog Input Circuit

* + - 1. Connectors
      2. Breadboard implementation
      3. PCB implementation

1. Hardware Calibration
   1. Level Measurement Calibration
   2. Resistance Measurement Calibration
   3. Level Control Performance